Dear Taxpayer:

This is in reply to your correspondence received Jan. 02, 2013.

We have determined that the arguments you raised are frivolous and have no basis in law. Federal courts have consistently ruled against such arguments and imposed significant fines for taking such frivolous positions.

If you persist in sending frivolous correspondence, we will not continue to respond to it. Our lack of response to further correspondence does not in any way convey agreement or acceptance of the arguments advanced. If you desire to comply with the law concerning your tax liability, you are encouraged to seek advice from a reputable tax practitioner or attorney.

The claims presented in your correspondence do not relieve you from your legal responsibilities to file federal tax returns and pay taxes. We urge you to honor those legal duties.

This letter advises you of the legal requirements for filing and paying federal individual income tax returns and informs you of the potential consequences of the position you have taken. Please observe that the Internal Revenue Code sections listed below expressly authorize IRS employees that act on behalf of the Secretary of the Treasury to: 1.) examine taxpayer books, papers, records, or other data which may be relevant or material; 2.) issue summonses in order to gain possession of records so that determinations can be made of the tax liability or for ascertaining the correctness of any return filed by that person; and 3.) collect any such liability.

There are some people who encourage others to violate our nation's tax laws by arguing that there is no legal requirement for them to file income tax returns or pay income taxes. These people base their arguments on legal statements taken out of context and on frivolous arguments that have been repeatedly rejected by federal courts. People who rely on this kind of information can ultimately pay more in taxes, interest and penalties than they would have paid simply by filing correct tax returns.

People who violate the tax laws also may be subject to federal criminal prosecution and imprisonment. Information about the IRS's
criminal enforcement program is available on the internet at www.irs.gov. Once there, enter the IRS keyword: fraud.

The IRS is working with the United States Department of Justice and state taxing authorities to ensure that all taxpayers pay their lawful share of taxes and to seek criminal indictments or civil enforcement actions against people who promote or join in abusive and fraudulent tax schemes.

You can obtain IRS Publication 2105, Why do I Have to Pay Taxes?, from our internet website at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/p2105.pdf. We also refer you to a document entitled The Truth About Frivolous Tax Arguments. It is also on our website at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-utl/friv_tax.pdf. If you do not have internet access, you can obtain copies of these documents from your local IRS office.

General Information on Filing Requirements and Authority to Collect Tax

Title 26, United States Code
Section 6001 Notice or regulations requiring records, statements, and special returns
Section 6011 General requirement of return, statement, or list
Section 6012 Persons required to make returns of income
Section 6109 Identifying numbers
Section 6151 Time and place for paying tax shown on returns
Section 6301 Collection Authority
Section 6321 Lien for taxes
Section 6331 Levy and distraint
Section 7602 Examination of books and witnesses

INTERNAL REVENUE CODE SECTION 6702 (FRIVOLOUS INCOME TAX RETURN) PROVIDES:

CIVIL PENALTY - If -

(1) any individual files what purports to be a return of the tax imposed by subtitle A but which -
   (A) does not contain information on which the substantial correctness of the self-assessment may be judged, or
   (B) contains information that on its face indicates that the self-assessment is substantially incorrect; and

(2) the conduct referred to in paragraph (1) is due to -
   (A) a position which is frivolous, or
   (B) a desire (which appears on the purported return) to delay or impede the administration of Federal income tax laws, then such individuals shall pay a penalty
of $5,000.00

PENALTY IN ADDITION TO OTHER PENALTIES - The penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall be in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

FOIA requests for Treasury Department records must meet the following criteria before Treasury can take action:
- Must be in writing and signed by the person making the request;
- Must state that the request is being made pursuant to the FOIA;
- Must reasonably describe the records being requested;
- Must state the category of the requester for fee purposes (i.e. commercial, media, educational, scientific institutions, all other);
- Must contain an agreement to pay all fees that might be incurred;
- Must prove that the requester is entitled to receive the records;
- Must state whether the requester wants a copy of the records or only wants to inspect the records.

If you have any questions, please write to us at the address shown at the top of the first page of this letter. Or, you may call us toll free at 866-883-0235. Whenever you write, please include this letter and, in the spaces below, give us your telephone number with the hours we can reach you. You may also wish to keep a copy of this letter for your records.

Your Telephone Number (___)____________________ Hours _________